



10 years ago ...

CASE STUDY >>>

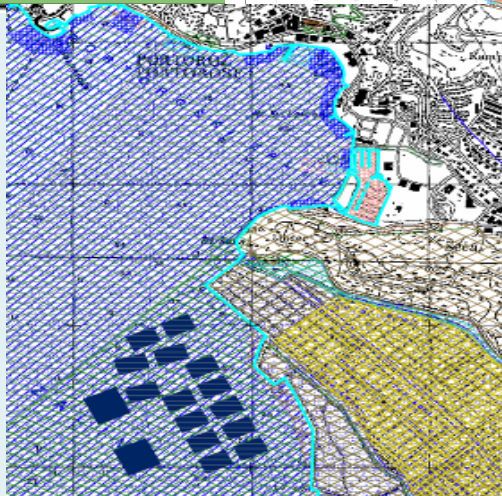
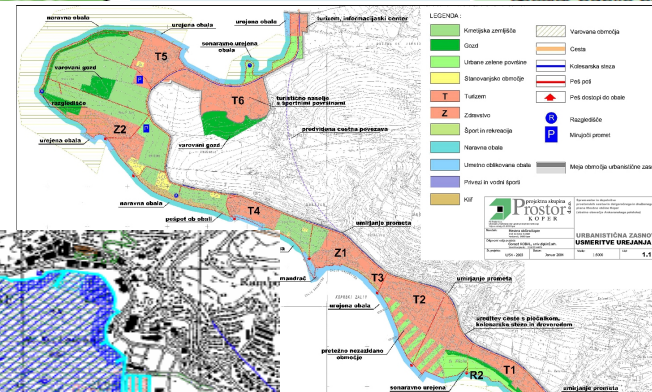
Morsko Dobro, Montenegro

In Montenegro the narrow strip of 6 meters together with the entire 12 sm zone has traditionally been defined as maritime public domain for general and special public purposes. The Public Enterprise for



Public beach in Montenegro

management (an organisation called 'JP Morsko Dobro') is the sole owner of this space. Decisions in terms of adopting spatial plans and approvals, etc. are in the hands of state bodies. JP Morsko Dobro has been able to bring the public income into protection, construction and development of the coast. It seems reasonable that JP Morsko Dobro should be entitled to prepare Maritime Spatial Plans in Montenegro.



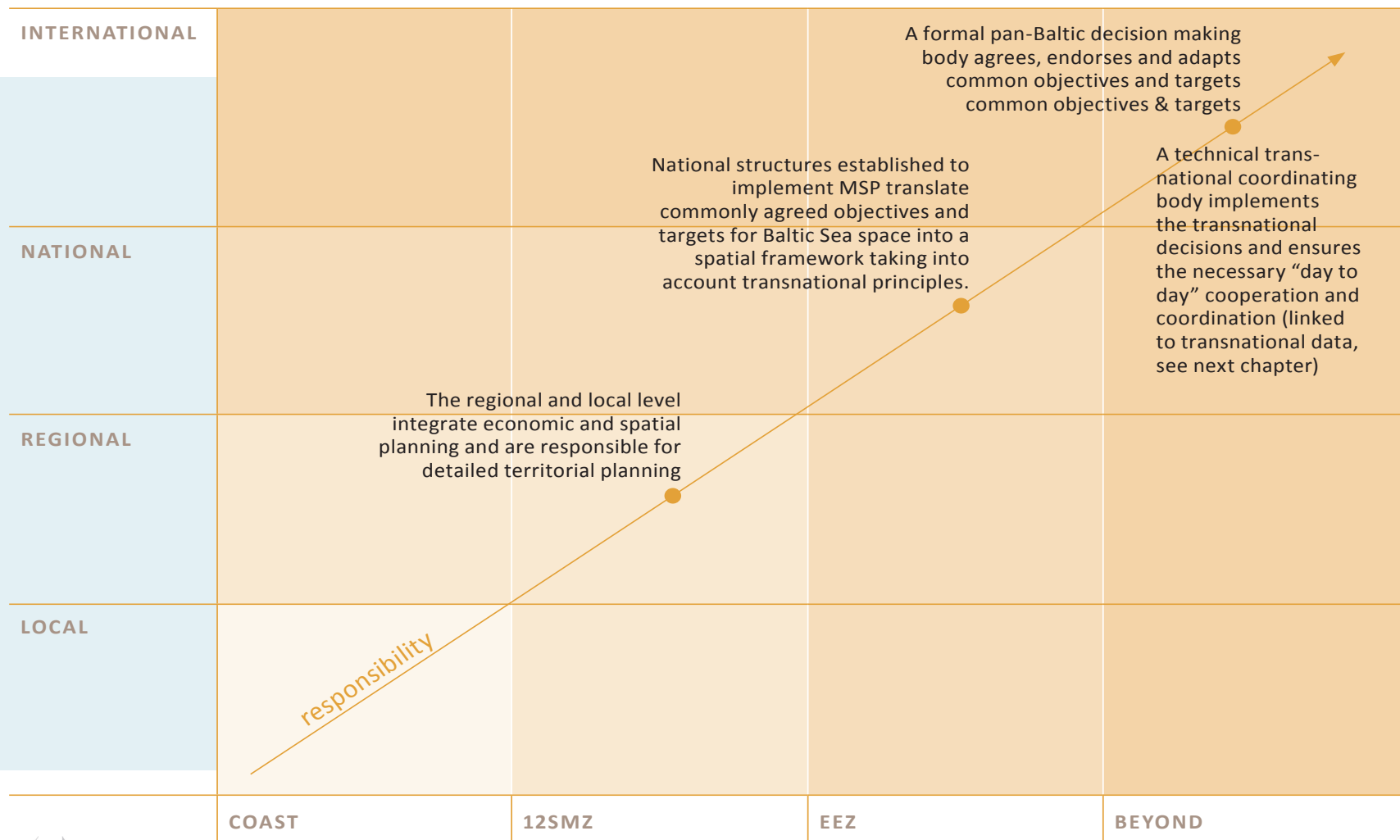
An introduction ...

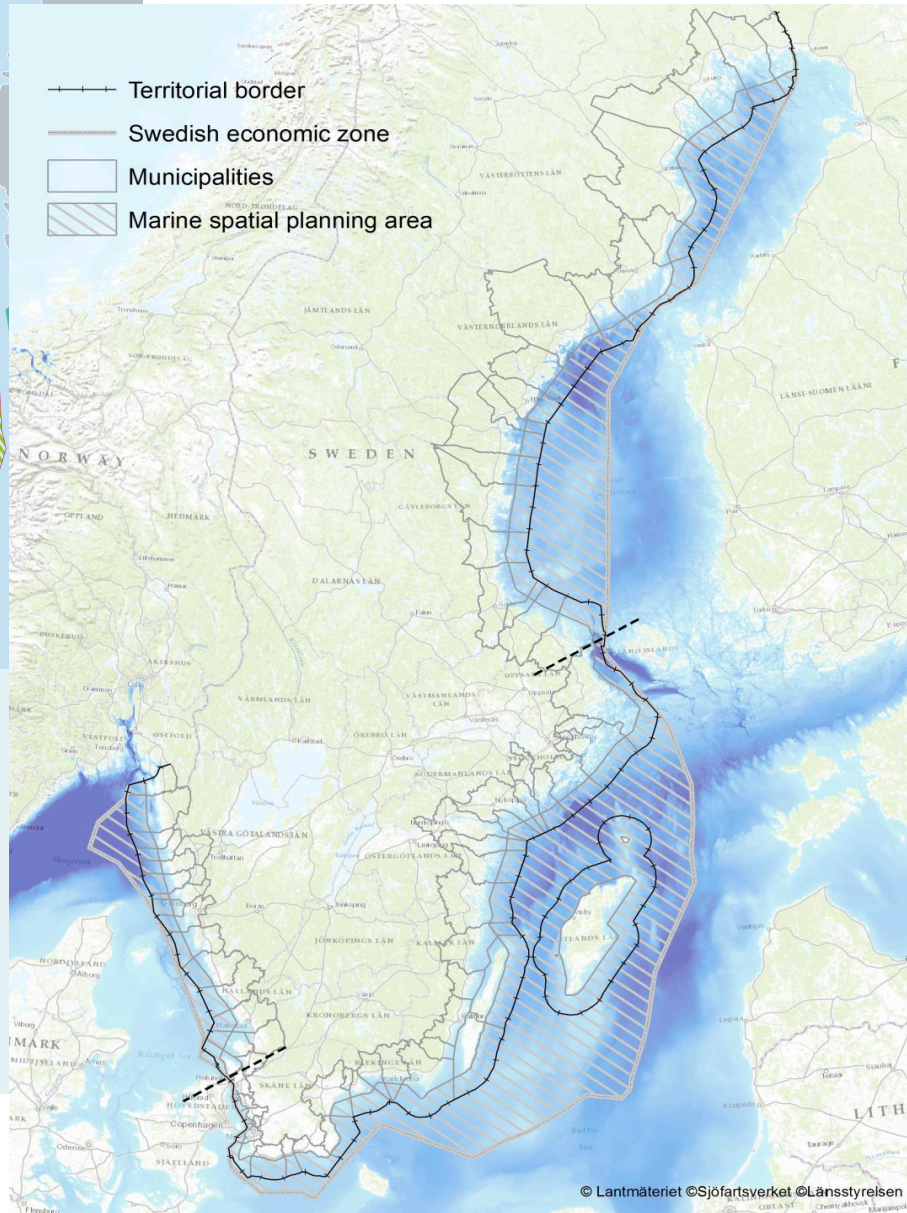
An inspiration on boundary issues in MSP –
as researched within the ‘BONUS BaltSpace’ project
(2016 – 2018)

<https://www.baltspace.eu/>

Spatial subsidiarity

DIFFERENT ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES IN MSP (A POSSIBLE SET UP)

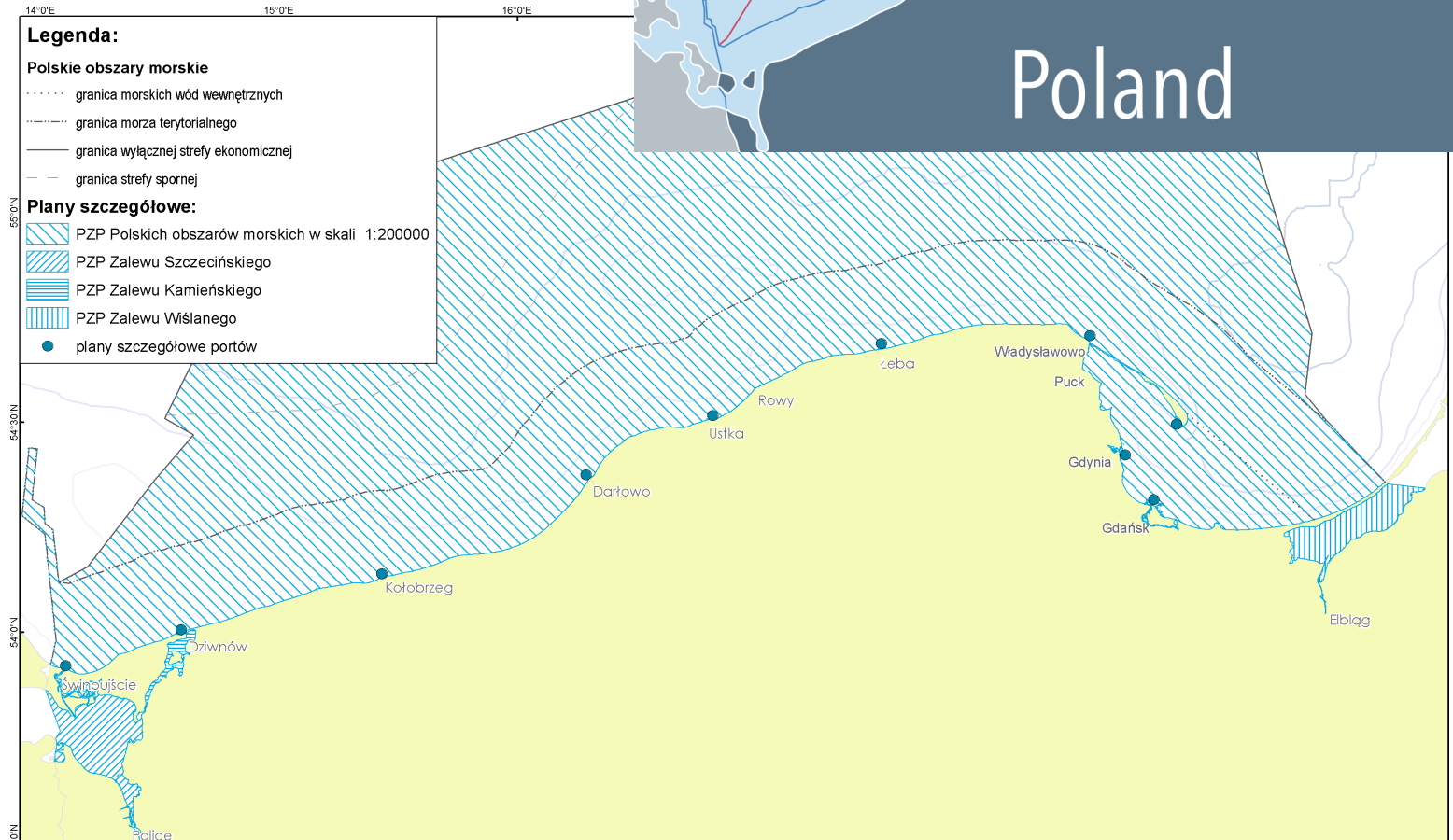




National Authority:
3 plans from 1nm
outward to baseline
and the EEZ

Coastal Regions:
Right to prepare
plans up to 12 nm

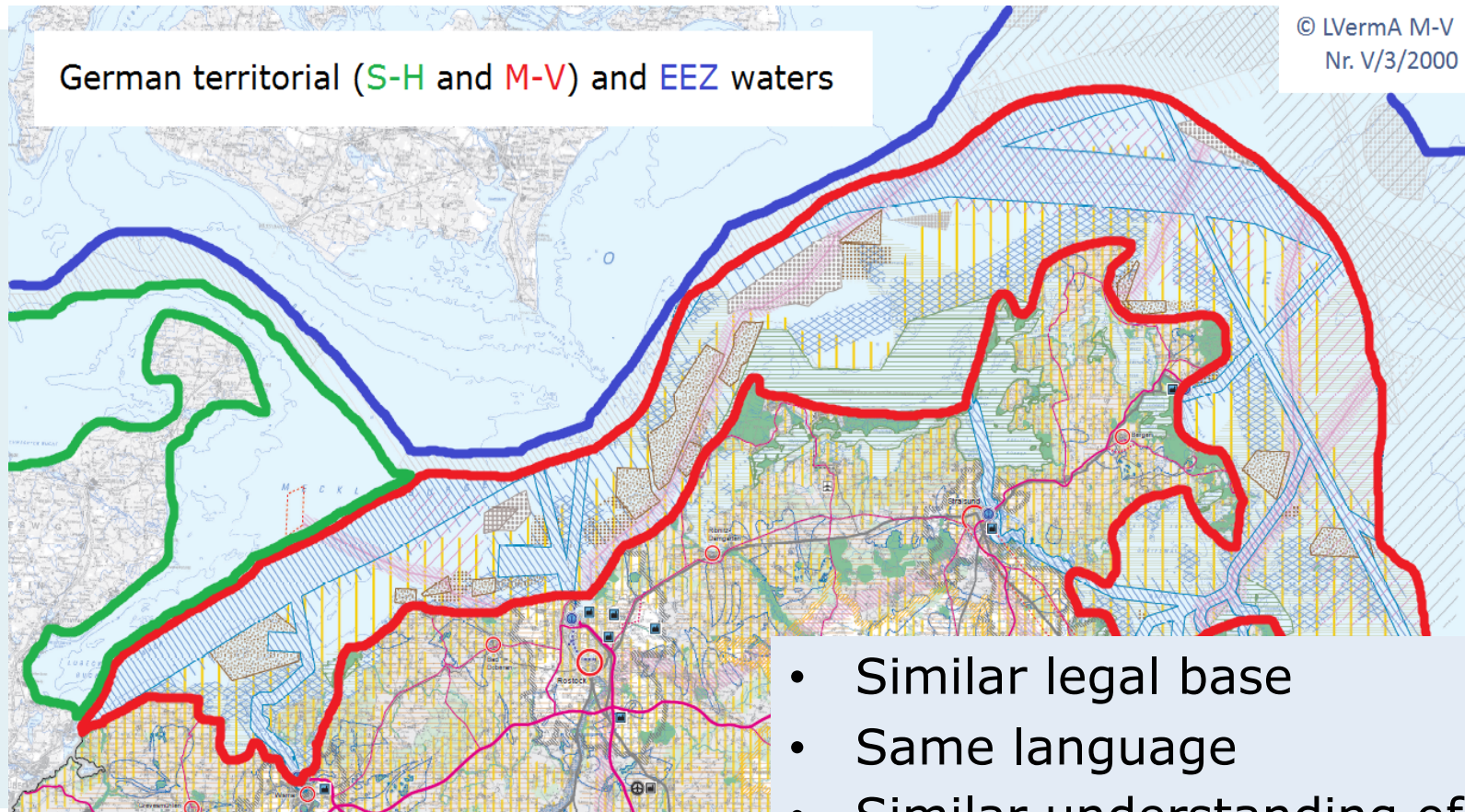
One plan for almost entire
maritime space – separate plans
for lagoons & ports
No hierarchy between plans



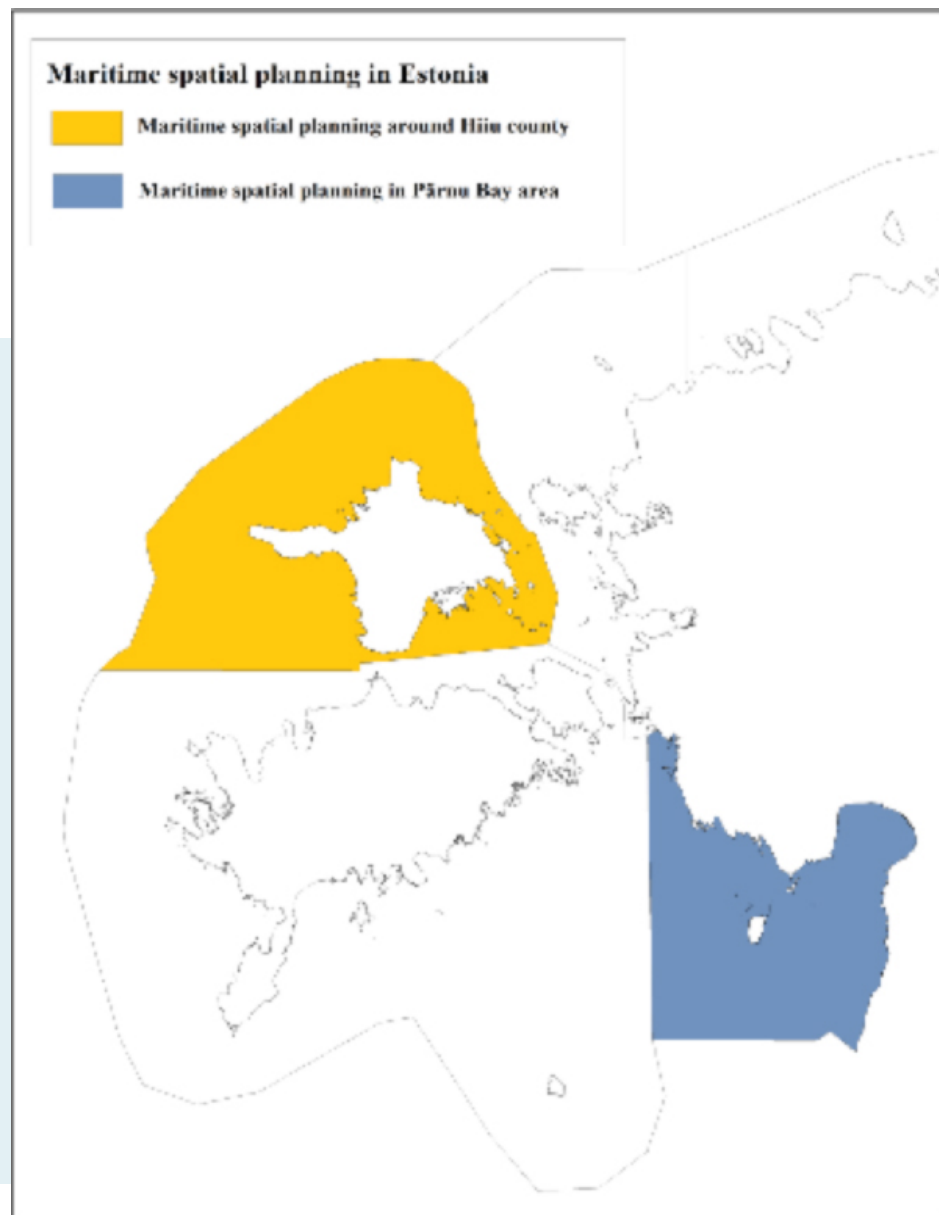


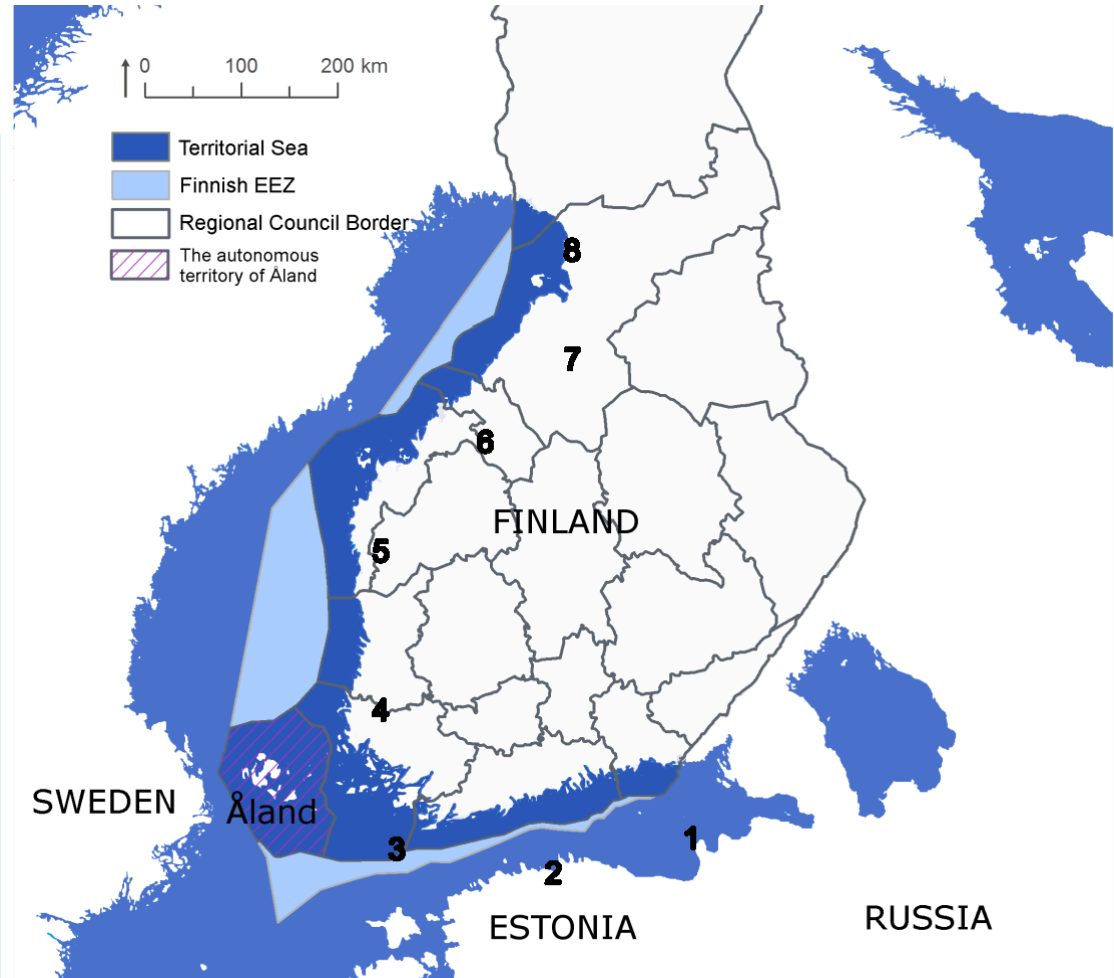
Three different MSP jurisdictions
in the Baltic Sea

Gradual alignment of spatial policy
despite different timescales for planning



- Similar legal base
- Same language
- Similar understanding of MSP
- A regular forum for exchange

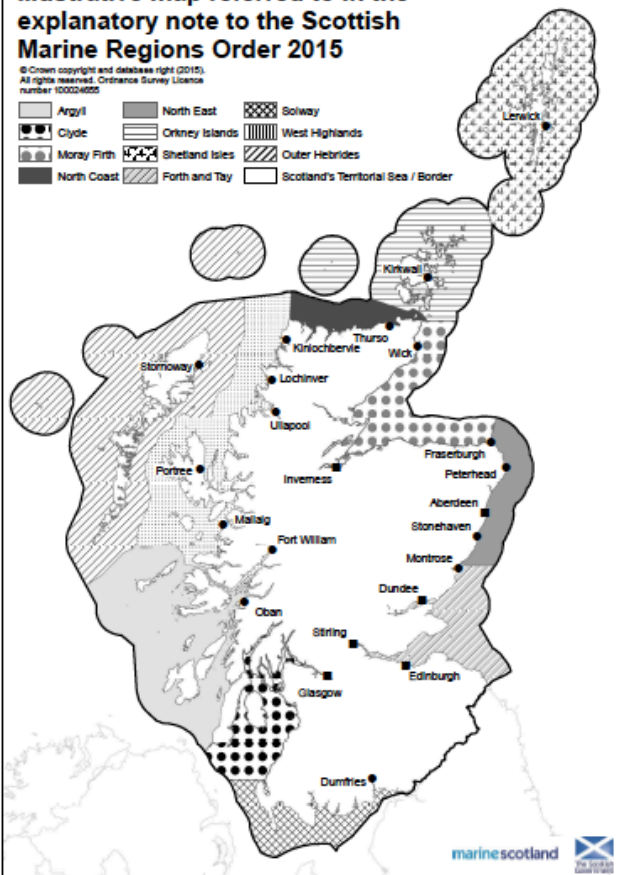




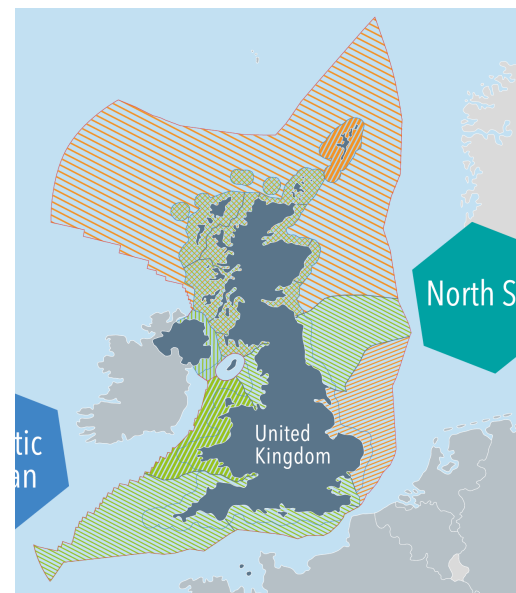
Illustrative map referred to in the explanatory note to the Scottish Marine Regions Order 2015

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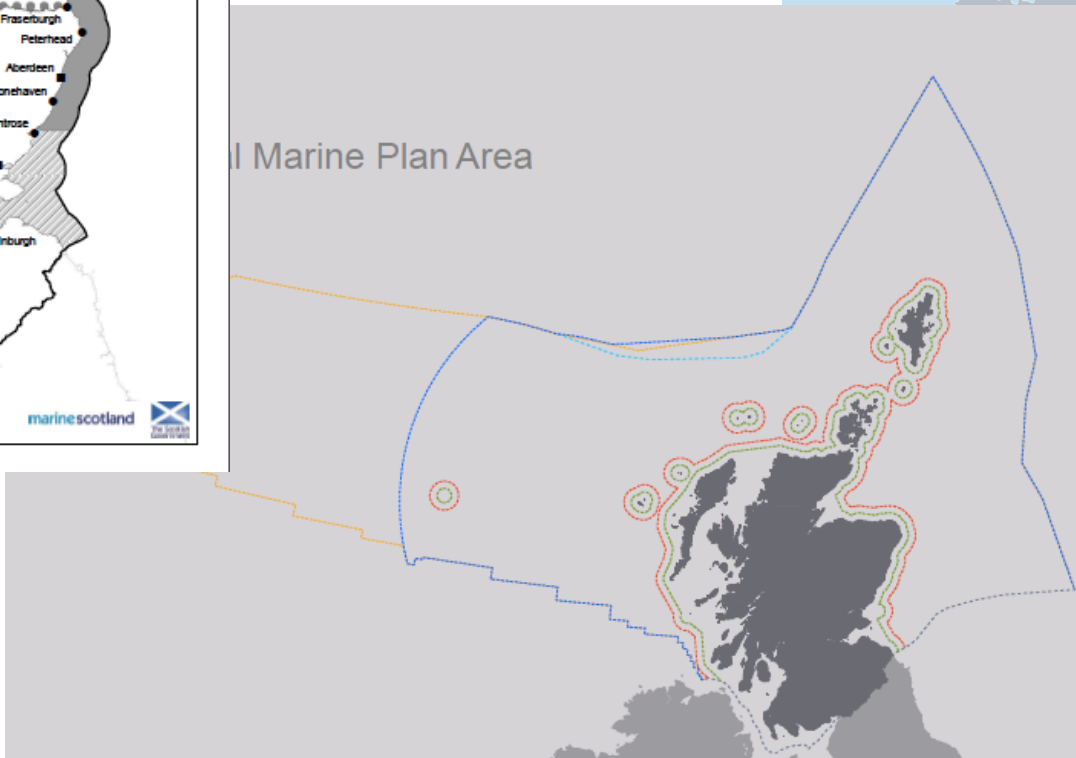
Argyll North East Solway
Clyde Orkney Islands West Highlands
Moray Firth Shetland Isles Outer Hebrides
North Coast Forth and Tay Scotland's Territorial Sea / Border



marinescotland



Marine Plan Area



Detail Key

Introduction

Key:

- 6nm from baselines
- Territorial seas (12nm from baselines)
- Scottish Adjacent Waters Boundary
- Exclusive Economic Zone
- Faroes Special Area
- Continental Shelf Limits

...a whole variety of situations in reality

- different areas can spatially overlap or not
- different plans can be under responsibility of the same or different authorities
- there can be a hierarchical relationship between plans – or not
- there is a (national) overarching plan for entire sea space with sub plans for some sub-areas included in this space
=> nested approach
- different historical time of evolution - timing of MSPs
- current some local plans prior to overarching plans

Link to discussion points yesterday

Similar challenges:

- Cross-border interactions...
- How to align ecosystem boundaries with administrative boundaries?
- How to deal with different scale of impact boundaries?

Some issues easier to solve as part of multi-scalar approach:

- Concentration of uses
- Availability of free space
- Sea spatial dynamics
- Land-sea interaction

Some issues / challenges specific to planning small sea areas as part of the multi-scalar approach

Identification of hotspot areas

Possible criteria

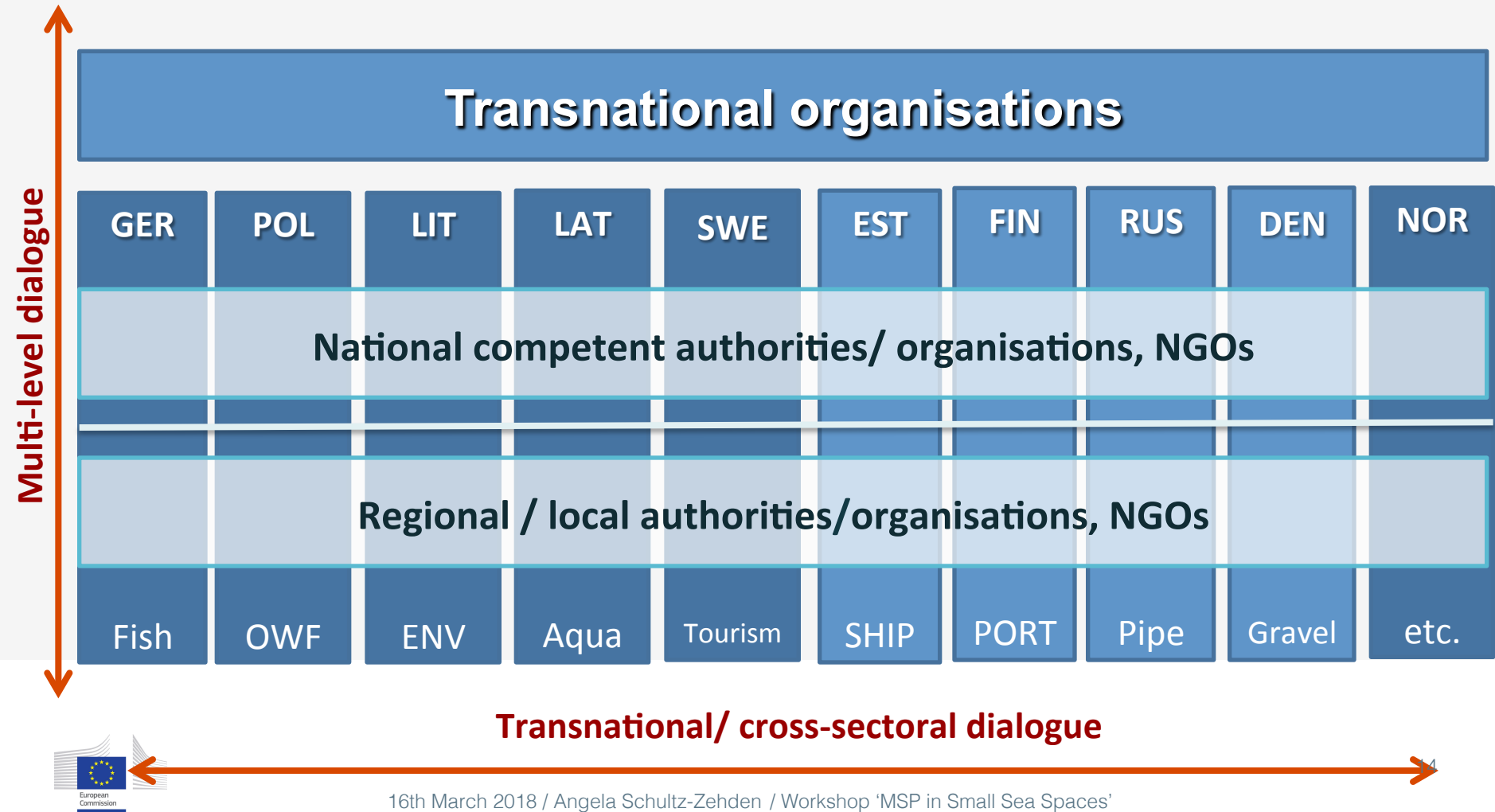
- Geographical features
 - bays, lagoons, straits, island waters, sandbanks
- Distribution of maritime activities
 - high concentration of uses of the sea
- Ecosystem vulnerability
 - hotspots of biodiversity
 - nursery /recovery areas for natural populations
- Others ?

Spatial Subsidiarity Principle!
Plan at lowest appropriate spatial level ...

Data Coherence

- Different needs for data
 - different resolutions
 - different aims
 - ... nevertheless coherent picture
- Availability of data portals
 - to ‘zoom’ in and ‘zoom’ out
 - functional & operational link between national /sub-national data infrastructures

Integrated Governance

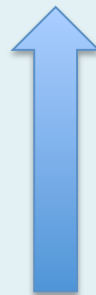


Integrated planning process – coherence of plans

- Coordination & coherence where ?

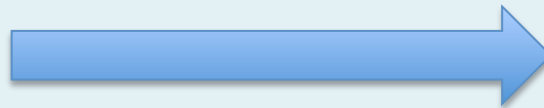
in terms of

- Objectives
- Methods
- Assumptions
- Provisions
- Timing



Different challenges for

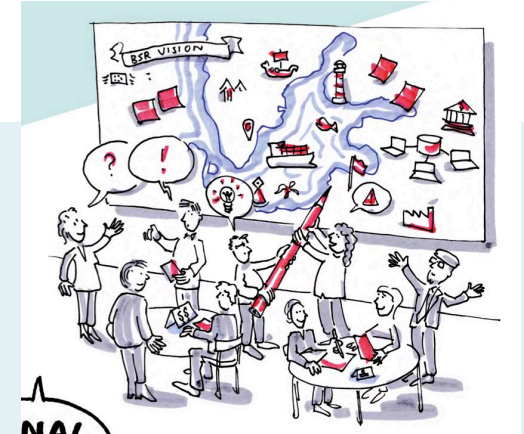
- vertical coordination
- horizontal coordination



- Where and when are differences fine ?

Possible solutions

- Common vision for different planning areas
- Integrated stocktake assessment of entire planning areas
- Integrated Assessment; e.g. NEAT Tool
...Nest Environmental Status Assessment Tool Methodology



Multi-scalar stakeholder engagement

Different tools of engagement for different levels
and different sectors

- Transnational Level:
institutional stakeholders
existing bodies
- National Level: More formal
Methods:
 - => formal meetings
 - => circulation of official documents
- Local Level: More direct / informal
Methods:
 - focus groups
 - workshops / interviews
 - web-based dialogue platforms

PartiSEApate
Handbook on Multi-Level
Stakeholder Engagement

And now listen to real life examples!